

OXFORD

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My world

3A I've got a computer

Possessions

1 ** Label the pictures.



- 1 a <u>camera</u>
- 2 a _____
- _
- 4 a
- ______
- 6 3

2 Find five more things.

d	k	h	0	у	w	q	t	0
s	p	m	5	k	i	d	e	C
k	C	a	m	е	r	a	1	0
a	w	е	у	V	р	х	е	m
t	n	q	V	n	t	m	٧	р
e	w	b	i	k	e	h	i	u
b	r	t	m	e	w	У	5	t
0	x	V	i	u	s	k	i	e
a	S	e	р	d	i	h	0	r
r	u	n	b	w	0	b	n	d
d	V	d	p	1	a	у	e	r

Listening

3 ** 1.12 Listen and match the people to their presents. Complete the sentences.

Joshua





Sophie





Ed





Yasmin





Mum and Dad





Finley





- 1 Joshua has got <u>a remote-controlled car</u>
- 2 Sophie has got _____
- 3 Ed has got _____
- 4 Yasmin has got _____
- 5 Mum and Dad have got _____
- 6 Finley has got _____

have got | has got

Complete the sentences with 've or 's

- 1 She's got a computer.
- 2 I_____ got three brothers.
- 3 Asif_____ got a DVD player.
- 4 We_____ got mobile phones.
- 5 My sister_____ got a camera.
- 6 They_____ got two televisions.
- 7 David_____ got a good skateboard.
- 8 You_____ got a nice bike.

5 Make the sentences negative.

1 Sarah's got a bike.

Sarah hasn't got a bike.

- 2 We've got a skateboard.
- 3 You've got a radio at home.
- 4 Theo's got ten DVDs.
- 5 They've got a computer.
- 6 The teacher's got my mobile phone.
- 7 We've got a DVD player in our classroom.
- 8 I've got a camera in my bag.

is or has?

6 *** Write the full sentences.

- 1 Mark's got a DVD player.

 Mark has got a DVD player.
- 2 She's from London.
- 3 Georgia's got a television in her bedroom.
- 4 He's got forty DVDs.

- 5 My sister's eleven.
- 6 She's in the living room.
- 7 Megan's got a cat.
- 8 Its name's Tillie.

have got / has got

7 *** Look at the pictures. Correct the sentences.



1 Toby / bike

<u>Toby hasn't got a bike.</u>

He's got a skateboard.



2 Esme / radio



3 Freddie / MP3 player



4 Karl and Adam / computer



5 Nicole / DVD player



6 Nathan / television



7 They / camera

3B Mut's present

Colours

1 Find seven more colours.



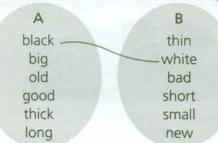
Listening

2 *** 1.13 Listen and colour the pictures.



Adjectives

3 Match the words in A to the opposites in B.



4 ** Describe these things. Use the words in the box.

big good thick short small old thin bad new long





1 This is a big television.





2





3





4





5

5 ** Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 blue pen is This my <u>This is my blue pen.</u>
- 2 a long They've car got
- 3 present a big is This
- 4 got a teacher I've good
- 5 at jumper Look my thick
- 6 bike new a This is
- 7 cats She's white got three
- 8 my Where's T-shirt green?

6 *** Look at the pictures. Correct the sentences.



1 They've got an old car.

They haven't got an old car.

They've got a new car.



2 She's got a thick jumper.



3 He's got a small bag.



4 They've got a new camera.



5 He's a bad boy.



6 She's got a black MP3 player.

Writing

7 *** Write about your things.

I've got a bike. It's red and blue. It's new.
I haven't got an MP3 player.

3C Have you got a pet?

Pets

1 *** Complete the crossword with the words in the box.

rabbit hamster snake rat spider horse mouse fish parrot budgie cat dog Across Down 2 m 3 5 5 8 10 11

2 ** Write sentences.

- 1 Emma 's got two hamsters.
- 2 Alisha _____
- 3 Jamie
- 3 Janne ____
- 4 Martha
- 5 Will ____
- 6 Jessica
- 7 Matthew _____

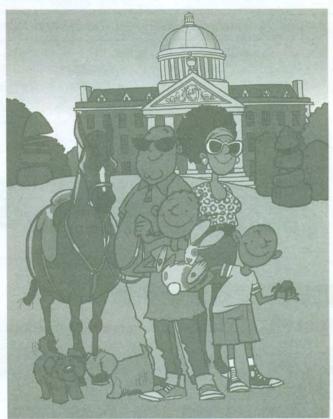


have got: questions and short answers

Match the questions to the answers. Have your grandparents got a car? Have you got a computer? Has your aunt got a black cat? Have we got a nice classroom? 5 Has your dog got a blanket? Has your brother got a mobile phone? Have your cousins got a parrot? a No, I haven't. b Yes, they have: c Yes, we have. d Yes, it has. e No, they haven't. f No, she hasn't. g Yes, he has. 4 Write questions. Give short answers about yourself. 1 you / an Internet friend Have you got an Internet friend? Yes, I have. I No, I haven't. 2 you/a dog 3 you / a skateboard 4 you / brothers and sisters 5 you / an MP3 player 6 you/a rabbit

Listening

5 a 1.14 Amy is talking about her friends, the Jackson family. Listen and complete the table.



Name	Pet?	Type of pet
Amy	Yes /No	
Lily	(Yes)/ No	A dog
Peter	Yes / No	161-25
Tom	Yes / No	pia serie son i sit
Andrew	Yes / No	
Mr and Mrs Jackson	Yes / No	

les.	W	wi4	-	CO	mi	OF	100	-
	vv		-	3-		_		3-

-	Witte Sentences.
1	Amy <u>hasn't got a pet.</u>
2	Lily <u>'s got a pet. She's got a dog.</u>
3	Peter
4	Tom
5	Andrew
6	Mr and Mrs Jackson

My school

School subjects

Label the subjects with the words from the b

				the box.						
Biology	Chemistry	Citizenship	Design a	nd Technology	English	Geography	ICT	Maths	Music	RE
6					1	A.	L	0		
900			Park .	12+7+14	4=	AA.		200		
1			A) ,			CX C)-	The state of	O	97
1 _CITIZ	enship	2	-	3	4			5		
	16	Jan Jan	5	00						
57	M	EX.			i	A				
6		7		8						0

Listening

2 ** 1.15 Ellie and Adam are talking about their new timetable. Listen and complete.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		
9.00 - 10.00	¹ Art and Design	Maths	4_	Music	Physics		
10.05 - 11.05	English	Maths	5	Biology	English		
11.20 - 12.20	English	3	Citizenship	6			
12.20 - 1.20		LUNCH 6 ICT					
1.20 – 2.20	Geography	Physics	English	Geography	Maths		
2.25 – 3.25	2	Biology	Chemistry	Technology	7		

3 *** Look at the pictures and complete the text.

Hello! My name's Cara. I'm in class 8L at Priory . There are 900 ²_ at my school! We wear a 3_____ - it's blue and grey. Priory is a nice school. The 4__ are good, and they are very 5_ My favourite subject is 6_____

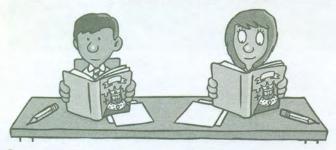
I'm good at 7_ I'm not very good at 8. Physics but 9_ with Mrs Jenkins on Thursdays is great. My favourite day at school is Friday. We've got in the afternoon with Mrs

Andrews. She's very nice.

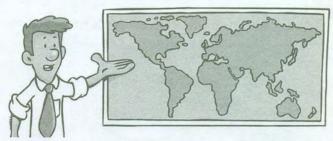
4 ** Write the names of the lessons. Then write the day you've got the subjects.

Be
I am We are
You are
He/She/It is They are

1 English. We've got English on Monday.



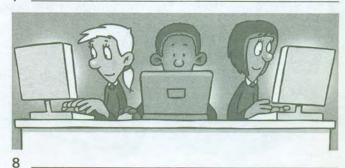
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6



7



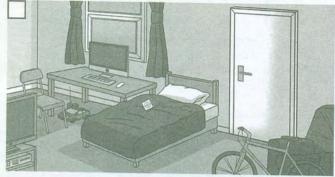
Writing

Write about your school and timetable.
Use the phrases in the box and your own ideas, too.

My name's ... I'm in class ... My school subjects are ... My favourite subject is ... We've got this subject on ... I'm good at ... I'm bad at ... My favourite day at school is ...

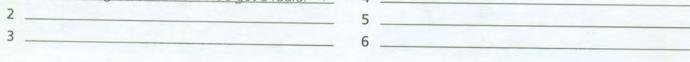
Progress check

1 Look at the two pictures of Ben's room. Write the things that are different in picture B.



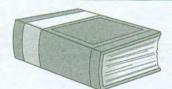
In	ni	ct	11	re	R		
0.1	PI		u	10	0		,

Ben hasn't got a television. He's got a radio.

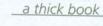


2 Describe these things. Use the words in the box.

friendly long new old good big thick thin



















3 Read the text and answer the questions.

The Jordan family have got ten pets. Emma's got a big white rabbit - it's very friendly but it's always asleep. She's got a small blue and yellow budgie, too. Her sister Kate's got a big horse. Her brother Alfie's got a black rabbit and a white rat. Mum and Dad have got two small dogs. Their names are Buster and Sammy. They've got a black and white cat, too. Grandma and Granddad have got two green parrots - Bill and Ben.

- 1 Have the Jordan family got nine pets? No, they haven't.
- 2 What pets has Emma got?
- 3 Has Kate got a small pet?
- 4 Has Alfie got two pets?
- 5 What pets have Mum and Dad got?
- 6 Have Grandma and Granddad got two green birds?

4 Write the subjects.

8 cpysish

1	tra dan isnged	Art and Design
2	perhgyoga	
3	suicm	-
4	lighsne	
5	amsht	
6	iyohrts	
7	hcmyersit	

5 1.16 Charlotte is talking about her school. Listen and choose the correct answers.



1 The school is in __a_.
a London b Liverpool
c Los Angeles d Lisbon
2 At the school, there are ____ students.

a 100 b 200 c 300 d 400

3 Charlotte has got _____ every day.

a Mathsb Frenchc Musicd Geography

4 She has got English on _____ and Wednesday.

a Monday b Tuesday c Thursday d Friday

5 Her favourite subject is _____.

a ICT b Art and Design c PE d Music

6 On Friday afternoon she's got ____ and ICT.

a Mathsb Frenchc Scienced Art and Design

I can ...

Write the answers and tick (/) the correct box.

1	I: radio (✓) mobile (✗). I got a radio, but I a mobile.
	My father: MP3 player (✗) computer (✓).
	My father
	MV tarner
	iviy latrici
	The factor is a second of the factor is a se
	can talk about the things I've got and the

2 I've got a ______. My friend's got two _____ and a _____.

3 My English book is orange and ______.

My exercise book is ______.

I can say the names of colours and give simple descriptions.

4 I like 34+12 = 46 _____, but my favourite subject i _____.

I can talk about school subjects.

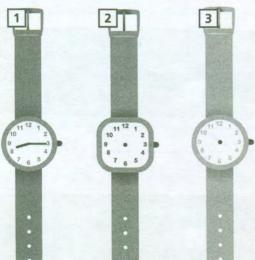
Yes ____ I need more practice

Time

4A What's the time, please?

Listening

1 1.17 Listen. Draw the hands on the clocks and watches.



11 10	12	1 2
9	•	3
8 7	6	4 5 7 ₉ ¹⁰

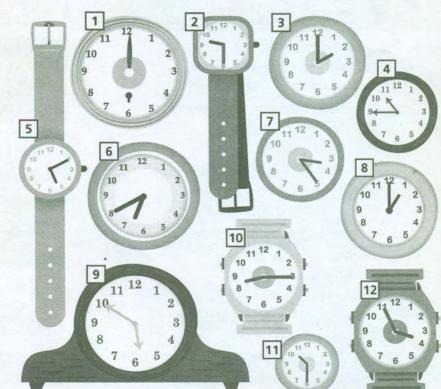
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10	12	1 2	1
987	6	3 4 5)
8 11	12	1	

6			8 7	
11 10	12	1 2		
9		3		
8 7	6	5		
				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

8 11	12	1	
10		2	CVS and op-
9	•	3	
8		4	Section 1
7	6	5	,

2 *** Write the times.

1	_It's twelve o'clock.
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	



12

Prepositions of time

** Write on or at.

- 1 It's my birthday <u>on</u> Sunday.
- 2 The party is _____ quarter to seven.
- 3 Your music lesson is _____ Thursday.
- 4 Is the match _____ three o'clock?
- 5 Our Maths exam is _____ Friday morning.
- 6 Ellen's hockey game is _____ half past two.
- 7 The school concert is ______ Saturday evening.
- 8 Have we got PE _____ Tuesday afternoon?
- 9 Is Harry's football match ______ 6.30?
- 10 The volleyball match is _____ Sunday.

4 Read the diary and answer the questions. Write the times in words. Use on or at.

MONDAY	football match at school 4.15
TUESDAY	cousin Philip's birthday party 6.30
WEDNESDAY	music concert school 7.00
THURSDAY	piano lesson 5.00
FRIDAY	piano exam 3.15
	San

- 1 What time is Ollie's football match on Monday? The football match is at quarter past four.
- 2 What day is his cousin's birthday party? His cousin's birthday party
- 3 What time is the party?

The party

- 4 What day is the music concert at school? The music concert
- 5 What time is the concert? The concert

The piano lesson

- 6 What day is the piano lesson?
- 7 What time is his piano exam on Friday?
- His piano exam _

5 *** Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then look at the picture and complete the dialogues.

Monday	T	school concert
Tuesday	I	football match
O Wednesday	5	hockey match
Thursday	2	volleyball match
O Friday	T	class party
Saturday		Mark's violin exam
Sunday		tennis game

1 Susie Nathan	is match When hockey your When is your hockey match? It's at quarter to five on Wednesday.
2	concert on Is the school Monday
Nathan Susie	
3	you your volleyball match Friday got Have on
Susie Nathan	-
4	Mark's exam When's violin
Susie Nathan	
5	Friday a game on tennis we got Have
Nathan Susie	
6 Nathan	is party When the class
Sucia	

Vocabulary

1 Find ten more words.



1	brush	7	
2	bus	8	
3		9	
4		_ 10	
5		_ 11	
) _		12	

Present simple: affirmative

2 Example Look at the pictures of Oscar's day. Complete the sentences.



I get up at quarter to eight.



2 I _____ breakfast at



the bus to



4 Lessons_



5 | _____ school at ____



6 I _____ my homework from



7 | _____ dinner at





9 1 _____ to bed at

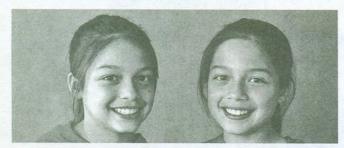
Present simple: negative

Write sentences with the negative form.

- 1 I have a shower at seven o'clock. I don't have a shower at seven o'clock.
- 2 I have breakfast with my family.
- 3 My friends and I take the bus to school.
- 4 Lessons start at half past nine.
- 5 We finish school at quarter past three.
- 6 I watch TV with my sister.
- 7 We do our homework before dinner.
- 8 I go to bed at quarter past eight.

Listening

** 1.18 Listen to Rosie and Kate's day. Choose the correct answers.



- 1 Rosie and Kate get up at <u>b</u>.
 - a 7.00
- b 7.10
- c 7.30
- 2 They have breakfast at _____.
 - a 7.30
- b 7.40
- c 7.45

- 3 They take the bus with _____.
 - a their friends
- b their parents
- c their brother
- 4 At school, lessons start at
 - a 9.00
- b 9.15
- c 9.20
- 5 At one o'clock they _____.

 - a go home b have a school dinner
 - c have a packed lunch
- 6 At home, they _____ before dinner.
 - a do homework b watch football
 - c read a book
- 7 After dinner, they watch TV with ____
 - a their parents
- **b** their brothers
- c their friends
- 8 They go to bed at _____.
 - a 8.45
- **b** 9.30 **c** 9.45

Writing

5 *** Write about a typical day in your life. Use the words in the box and your own ideas, too.

shower breakfast teeth school lessons lunch home dinner homework TV book bed

I get up at ...

4C Free time

Free time activities

1 Match the words in the box to the pictures.

volleyball ice hockey violin tennis football computer games swimming badges piano guitar skiing







2



3 the _____



4



5



6 the





8



q



10 the



11 _____

2 Put the words from exercise 1 in the correct column.

play football	go	collect
football	to	

What do they do in their free time? Write sentences with play, go or collect.



1 Karen and Sarah go to mucic class.



2 Joe and Kate



3 Freddie and Ed



4 Megan and Anna



5 Tom and Will



6 David and Mike

Present simple: endings

4 Circle the correct words.

- 1 Mr Miller(likes)/ like sport.
- 2 Victoria collects / collect badges.
- 3 They plays / play tennis on Saturdays.
- 4 He watches / watch DVDs after school.
- 5 Lucas and Matt goes / go skiing.
- 6 I gets up / get up at half past seven.
- 7 My brother goes / go swimming with his friends.
- 8 Erin plays / play the piano at home.

Listening

5 a *** 1.19 What does Billy do? Listen and write (\checkmark) or (x).

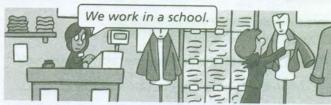


	Billy
play football	1
play tennis	
go swimming	
have music lessons	
play the piano	
watch football on TV	
collect badges	
play computer games	

b	Write	affirmative	or	negative	sentences.
---	-------	-------------	----	----------	------------

D	write affirmative or negative sentences.
1	Billy plays football.
2	
4	
5	
6	
7	

6 **** Correct the sentences.



1 They don't work in a school. They work in a shop.



2 He



3 They_



4 The party



5 She



6 He

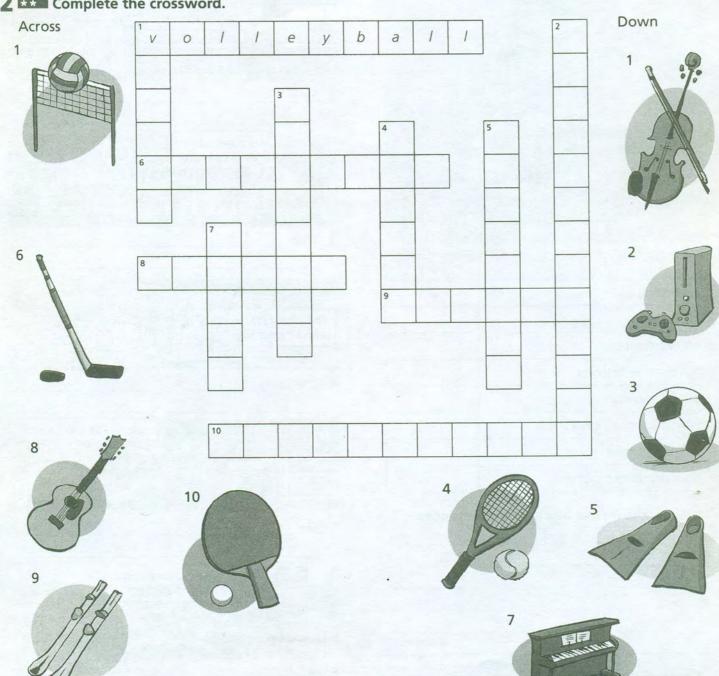
4D Mickey, Millie and Mut

Music and sports

1 Complete the sentences about yourself.

- 1 My father plays <u>tennis and football.</u>
- 2 | play _____
- 3 I don't play ___
- 4 My friend plays _____
- 5 My friend doesn't play ____
- 6 My favourite sport is ____

2 Complete the crossword.



Present simple: questions and short answers

and	short answers
*	Complete the questions with Do or Does.
	Does Jake like volleyball?
2	your friends go to football matches?
3	our lessons start at nine o'clock?
	Amelia collect badges?
	they listen to the radio in the kitchen?
	your brother play table tennis?
	the dog go to the park with you?
	you go to dance class?
9	your granddad watch sport on TV?
	we collect old comics?
Pre	esent simple: Wh- questions
	Put the words in the correct order to
	ake questions.
1	Bradley does When up get When does Bradley get up?
	He gets up at seven o'clock.
2	and Nina Lily When school start do
	They start school at nine o'clock.
3	play volleyball Rashid does Where
	He plays volleyball at school.
4	1 1 1 14/1
	She listens to the radio in the morning.
5	lunch friends Where your do have
	They have lunch at school.
6	TV you watch do When
	I watch TV after dinner.
7	your live cousin does Where
	He lives in Manchester.
8	3 piano does Ava her have lesson Wh

Listening

5 *** 1.20 Ivan is talking about his favourite things. Listen. Are the statements true (/) or false (X)?



1	Ivan collects badges.
2	He plays football and table tennis.
3	He plays computer games after school.
4	He likes dance.
5	He listens to the radio on Sundays.
6	He plays the violin and the piano.
7	He likes Maths.
8	His favourite subjects are History and Geography.
N	/riting
5 5	** Answer the questions about yourself.
	What do you do after school?
	I play tennis or watch TV with my friends.

3	What does your mum do in her free time?

2 When do you do your homework?

4	What sports do you play?
5	What do you do on Sundays?

6	What does your	dad	do	on	Saturday	mornings?

Progress check

1 Write the questions and the answers. Write the times in words.	
1 school concert: 8.00 • When is the school concert?	4 the hockey game: 11.10
It's <u>at eight o'clock.</u>	• It's
2 the Maths exam: 4.15	5 Maria's swimming lesson: 11.50–12.40
•?	•
o It's	 It's from to
3 our volleyball match: 10.30	6 Harvey's birthday party: 17.15
•?	•
• It's	• It's
2 Write about Dan's week.	
Monday 10 2 3 get up walk to school 10 2 3 school with Mark with Mark	Thursday 10 2 2 3 play tennis 7 6 5
1 On Monday, he gets up at half past seven. 2	5
	6
3 On Monday, Dan and Mark	
	7
	7
4	

3 a 1.21 What do they do in their free time? Listen and write (/) or (X).	I can
1 Joel	Write the answers and tick (✓) the correct box.
I Joel	1 My lesson is at
2 Clara	I
3 Samira	
4 Max and Adam	I can tell the time and say when things are. Yes I need more practice
5 Isaac	
h Write affirmative or parative	2 a shower:
 b Write affirmative or negative sentences. 1 Joel / computer games _ Joel doesn't play computer games. 	breakfast:
2 Clara / the guitar	to school:
3 Samira / skiing	homework:
4 Max and Adam / football	I can talk about daily routines.
5 Isaac / tennis	Yes I need more practice
	3 My friend (play)
4 Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then answer the questions about yourself.	My friend (not play)
1 you Do the play guitar?	I can talk about my friends and family. Yes I need more practice
2 dinner you When have do	4 Ben What <u>sports do you play</u> ?
	You
3 your mother play piano Does the ?	You?
4 your What father play sports does ?	I can ask and talk about free time activities. Yes I need more practice

Grammar summary

1 Introduction

1.1 Introductions

What's your name? I'm Susan.
My name's Tom.

We use am or is (the verb be) to describe someone or something.

- a The short form of *is* is 's. The short form of *am* is 'm. We often use the short forms when we speak.
- b When we tell someone our name we can say I'm ... or My name's ...

(see also 1.2, 2.2, 2.3)

Translate

My name's ...
I'm ...

1.2 my, your

My name's Tom.

What's your name?

What's your phone number?

We use *my* and *your* for both male and female people. *Your* can be singular or plural.

Translate

My book is yellow. Your bag is brown.

1.3 Articles: a / an

a pencil an orange a house an apple a desk an umbrella

A / an is used to indicate that there is one of something.

When the following noun begins with a consonant sound we use a.

When the following noun begins with a vowel sound we use an.

Translate

a picture a watch

an apple an exercise book

1.4 Instructions

affirmative	negative
Talk.	Don't talk.
Sit down.	Don't sit down.

- a To make affirmative instructions or commands we use the infinitive of the verb.
- **b** To make the negative form we use *Don't* + the infinitive.

Translate

Close your book.

Don't look.

Draw a house.

1.5 Question words: What ...?

What's this? It's a watch.

What's your name? I'm Terry.

What's your phone number? It's 547210.

Translate

What's this?

It's a toothbrush.

What's your mobile number?

1.6a Regular plurals

We add -s to most singular nouns to show that there is more than one.

a desk two desks a boy two boys

We add -es to some nouns which end in -ch, -sh, -ss or -x.

a box two boxes

a glass two glasses

1.6b Irregular plurals

These nouns are different in the plural form and do not take -s.

a man two **men**a woman two **women**a child two **children**

two people

a person

1.7 There is / are ...

There's a cat.

There's an orange.

There are four glasses.

We can use *There is I are* when we want to show or describe something we can see. The short form of *There is* is *There's*.

Translate

There's a cat on the chair.

There are three dogs.

2 Friends and family

2.1 be: affirmative (long forms)

1	am	The second second
We		
You	are	at home.
They		eleven. from the USA.
He	is	
She		
It		

You can be singular or plural, but the verb is the same for both.

Translate

I am from Greece.

You (plural) are in the classroom.

She is from the UK.

2.2 be: affirmative (short forms)

lam = l'm

He is = He's

She is = She's

It is = It's

We are = We're

You are = You're

They are = They're

We often use the short forms of the verb be when we speak.

We always use the long form after *this* and in *Yes / No* questions.

This is my brother.

Are you from America?

Translate

We're on holiday. He's in Australia. I'm in London.

2.3 be: negative

1	am not 'm not	
We	as of warming	at home. eleven. from the USA.
You	are not aren't	
They		
He	TY MARKET	
She	is not	
It	isn't	

To make the negative long form we put *not* after the verb.

For the short form we use 'm not, isn't or aren't.

Translate

I'm not from London

He isn't in the classroom.

We aren't twelve.

2.4 Possessive adjectives

Subject	Possessive adjective	Noun (= thing possessed)
	my	
you	your	
he	his	book
she	her	pen
it	its	house
we	our	name
they	their	

The possessive adjective relates to the subject, NOT the noun.

For men we use his. For women we use her.

His name is Duncan.

Her name is Maria.

For animals we use *its*, but you can also use *his I* her for pets.

Translate

His name is Tony.

Her name is Jane.

The dog is in its house.

2.5a Question words: Whose ...?

Whose book is this? It's Ben's book.

We use *Whose* to ask about the owner of something.

Translate

Whose watch is this? It's Rebecca's watch.

2.5b Possessive 's

Tim's house Stephanie's apple The boy's pencil

To show possession we put 's on the end of the noun.

Translate

Deborah's mobile

Tony's brother

The girl's bag

2.6 be: questions

Am		
Are	we you they	at home?
ls	he she it	classroom? from Britain?

Where is she from? When is your birthday?

To make questions with the verb be we put the verb before the subject.

He is our new classmate Is he our new classmate?

They are in the garden. Are they in the garden? For Wh- questions we add the question word at the beginning.

Translate

Is he friendly?

Are they singers?

Where are you from?

2.7 be: short answers

Are you from France? Yes, I am. Is she on the phone? No, she isn't.

We always use the long form in affirmative short answers.

Yes, we are. (NOT Yes, we're.)

We can use short forms in negative short answers.

Translate

Are you sixteen? No, I'm not. Are you eleven? Yes, I am.

2.8 Question words: Who ...?

Who's Oscar? Oscar is a dog. Who is the song for? It's for my sister.

Translate

Who's your teacher? Who is your friend?

2.9 Prepositions: in, at, for

Roger's	in	the garden.
Paul's	at	school.
This song is	for	you.

We use at when we talk about a place or building and in when we mean inside a place. We use for when we give something to someone.

Translate

Mrs Brown's in Paris. Brian's at home.

This song is for my friends.

3 My world

3.1 have got: affirmative

	have 've	got	fifty books. two mp3 players.
We			
You•			
They			
He			a mobile.
She			
It	,		

Grammar Summary

We use have got to show possession. The short form of have is 've and the short form of has is 's.

Translate

I've got three brothers. She's got a computer. We've got a dog.

3.2 have got: negative

1		got		
We	have not haven't		fifty books. two mp3 players. a mobile.	
You				
They				
Не				
She	has not hasn't			
It	nasii t		La fille E	

To make have got negative, we put not after have or has. The short forms are haven't got and hasn't got.

Translate

We haven't got a brother. He hasn't got a car.

3.3 have got: questions

Have	we you they	got	a radio? a camera?
Has	he she it		a skateboard?

What has she got in her bag?

To make a question with have got or has got, we put have or has in front of the subject. For Wh- questions we add the question word at the beginning.

Translate

Have you got a dog? What DVDs have you got? Has she got an MP3 player?

3.4a *have got:* affirmative short answers

Yes,	we you they	have.
	he she it	has.

With short answers we use have or has, but NOT got.

Have you got a pen? Yes, I have. (NOT Yes, I have got.)

Translate

Have they got a pet? Yes, they have. Has she got a dog? Yes, she has.

3.4b have got: negative short answers

No,	l we you they	haven't.	
	he she it	hasn't.	

Translate

Has she got a house? No, she hasn't. Have you got a brother? No, I haven't.

3.5 Adjectives

		adjective	noun
	a	yellow	pencil.
This is	an	orange	bag.
	a	new	mobile.
	an	old	picture.

Adjectives describe nouns. We put the adjective before the noun.

Translate

This is a white cat.
This is an orange watch.

3.6 favourite

What's your **favourite** day? What are your **favourite** subjects?

We use *favourite* with the verb *be* to ask or talk about preferences.

Translate

What's your favourite band? My favourite day is Saturday.

4 Time

4.1 Time



Translate

Half past nine Ten o'clock Quarter to eight

4.2 on + day / at + time

With days of the week we use on. I have Maths on Tuesdays.

With times of day we use at. I get up at 8 o'clock.

We often use when to ask about times. When's the piano exam?

Translate

We have English on Tuesdays. When's your History lesson? He gets up at half past seven.

4.3 Present simple: affirmative

I We You They	watch TV after school. play the guitar. collect badges.
He She It	likes dogs. plays computer games. starts at three o'clock.

To make the present simple we use the infinitive. For he, she and it we add -s.

There are some exceptions in spelling for the third person.

Но	goes to school.
He	does her homework.
She	watches television.

After -o and -h, we add -es. We pronounce the -es /ız/ after -ch.

Translate

I collect badges.

She goes to school at eight o'clock.

4.4 Present simple: negative

We You' They	don't	get up at six. listen to music. play the drums. go to school.	
He She It	doesn't	collect badges. watch TV. go to bed at nine. start at seven o'clock.	

Grammar Summary

To form the negative of the present simple we use don't / doesn't and the infnitive.

The -s ending is now on doesn't, so we don't put an -s on the verb.

He plays tennis. He doesn't play tennis.

Translate

I don't like football. She doesn't play the guitar. We don't watch TV after school.

4.5 Present simple: questions

Do	I we you they	play football? go to school? collect badges?
Does	he she it	get up at six? have breakfast
When	do you does she do they	start school?

To make questions in the present simple we use *Do* or *Does* and the infinitive. For *Wh*- questions we add the question word at the beginning.

a We use Do for I, you, we and they.

They play tennis. **Do** they play tennis?

I get up at six.

When **do** you get up?

b We use *Does* for *he, she* and *it*. The -s ending is on *Does*, so we don't put an -s on the verb.

He watches TV after school.

Does he watch TV after school?

He plays football on Saturday.

When does he play football?

4.6 Present simple: short answers

Yes,	we you they	do.
	he she it	does.
No,	l we you they	don't.
	he she it	doesn't.

In short answers we only use do / don't or does / doesn't, but NOT the infinitive.

Do you like tea?

Yes, I do. (NOT Yes, I like.)

Does he work in a bank?

No, he doesn't. (NOT No, he doesn't work.)

Translate

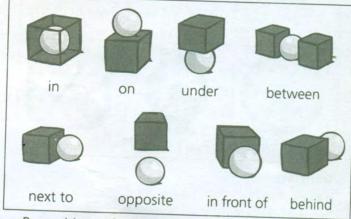
Do they watch TV? Yes, they do.

Does she work in a shop?

No, she doesn't.

5 Places

5.1 Prepositions of place



Prepositions of place tell us where something is.

a We use *in* with countries, towns, streets and rooms.

They're on holiday in France. There's a market in Witney. You can buy CDs in Market Street. I'm in the kitchen.

b We use *in* with buildings when we want to say that we are inside the building, not outside.

He's *in* the shop. (= He isn't in the street.)

He's at the shops. (= He's shopping.)

Translate

The computer is in the box.

The cat is under the table.

The book is on the desk.

She's in Greece.

The station is between the bank and the school.

The library is next to my house.

He lives in High Street.

5.2 There is / are: affirmative and negative

There	is 's isn't	a dining room a cellar	in our house.
	are aren't	two bedrooms	nouse.

5.3a There is / are: questions

Is		a station a cinema	
Are	there	three churches a lot of shops	in your town?

5.3b There is / are: short answers

Is there a station in your town? Yes, there is. Are there a lot of shops in your town? Yes, there are.

Translate

There are two cinemas in my town.
Is there a park near your school? Yes, there is.
Are there three bus stops in your town? Yes, there are.

5.4 can/can't

We You They He She It	can can't	swim. dance. speak English.
--------------------------------------	--------------	-----------------------------------

We use can to talk about ability to do something. Note that the third person does not have an s. He can swim. (NOT He cans swim.)

5.5a can: questions

Can	we you they he she it	spell your name? play tennis?

To make questions with can, we put can before the subject.

He can swim.

Can he swim?

5.5b can: short answers

Can you speak French? Yes, I can.
No, he can't.

Translate

They can play the piano.
Can they ski? Yes, they can.
She can't speak French.
Can they dance? No, they can't.

5.6 Prepositions: to and at

On Saturdays we go to the cinema. We're at the cinema.

a We use to when there is movement.

b' We use at when there is no movement.

Translate

I want to go to the shopping centre. You can buy a drink at the café.

6 People

6.1 Present continuous: affirmative

1	am 'm	doing a project. playing the piano.	
We You They re		having a shower. making a poster.	
He She It	is 's	watching TV. sitting in the car.	

- a We use the present continuous for actions that are happening now.
- b We make the present continuous with be (am, is, are) and the present participle -ing.
- c Note these spelling rules for the present participle:
- 1 with most verbs, add -ing.

read - reading

play - playing

do - doing

2 with verbs ending in -e, remove the -e and add -ing.

have - having

dance - dancing

write - writing

3 with verbs with a short vowel + one consonant, double the consonant and add -ing.

sit - sitting

get - getting

Translate

He's playing the piano.

They're sitting in the car.

6.2 Present continuous: negative

I. ere	am not 'm not	playing the piano.
We You They	are not aren't	reading a book. watching TV. singing.
He She It	is not isn't	swimming. sitting in the car.

Translate

My friends aren't making a poster. Cathy isn't driving to work.

6.3a Present continuous: questions

Am	1	speaking English?
Are	we you they	doing your homework? having a shower? writing an email?
Is	he she it	reading a magazine? going to school? listening to the radio?

Where is she going?

What is he doing?

Why are they talking?

To make questions in the present continuous, we put *Am*, *Is* or *Are* in front of the subject. For *Wh*-questions add the question word at the beginning.

Translate

Are they going to the park? What is your friend wearing?

6.3b Present continuous: short answers

Yes,	1	am.
	we you they	are.
	he she it	is.
No,	I'm	not.
	we you they	aren't.
	he she it	isn't.

In short answers we only use the verb be, NOT the present participle.

The verb be is in the full form in affirmative short answers.

Is she wearing jeans?

Yes, she is. (NOT Yes, she is wearing.)

Are you doing your homework?

Yes, I am. (NOT Yes, I am doing.)

Is he doing his homework?

No, he isn't. (NOT No, he isn't doing.)

Are you going home?

No, I'm not. (NOT No, I'm not going.)

Translate

Is he sitting in the car? Yes, he is.

Are they doing their homework? Yes, they are.

Are we going to the cinema? No, we aren't.

6.4 Present continuous and present simple

I go to school every day.

I am going to school now.

Tony gets up at eight o'clock every day.

It is eight o'clock now. Tony is getting up.

The present continuous is used for actions which are happening now. We often use it with words like at the moment and now.

She is doing her homework now.

He is reading a book at the moment.

The present simple is used for a regular action. It is often used with phrases like every day, every morning, usually or all the time.

I clean my teeth every morning. We go to school every day.

Compare

She has a shower every day.
She is having a shower at the moment.

Translate

I play the piano every day. I'm playing the piano at the moment.

6.5 How much is / are ...?

How much is this book? It's £7.95.

How much are these DVDs? They're £9.99 each.

We use *How much* to ask about the cost of something.

Translate

How much is this MP3 player? How much are these jeans?

6.6 Clothes: singular and plural

My Your Her His Our Their	trousers jeans shorts	are	white. new. black.
--	-----------------------------	-----	--------------------------

Some names of clothes are always plural. They must have a plural verb.

Compare

How much is this shirt? It's £15. How much are these jeans? They're £20.

Translate

My trousers are yellow. Their shorts are new.

Wordlist

1 Introduction

1 A Hello

class /klass/ dialogue /'darəlog/ different /'difrant/ expression /ik'spreſn/ introduce /intrə'dju:s/ partner /'pa:tnə(r)/

Greetings / Introductions

Bye. /bai/ Good afternoon. /,gud a:ftə'nu:n/ Goodbye. /gud'bai/ Good evening. / gud 'i:vnin/ Good morning. / gud 'mo:nin/ Good night. / gud 'naɪt/ Hello. /ha'lau/ Hi! /hai/ How are you? /,hau ə 'ju:/ I'm ... /aim/ I'm fine, thanks. /aim 'fain ,0ænks/ It's ... /Its/ My name's ... /'mai ,neimz '.../ See you (later). /ˌsi: ˌju: 'leɪtə(r)/ What's your name? /ˌwɒts ˌjɔ: 'neɪm/ Who's this? /,hu:z 'ðis/

1 B In the classroom

a / an /a, an/ apple /'æpl/ bag /bæg/ board /boid/ book /buk/ boy /boi/ /bat, bat/ but cat /kæt/ chair /tsea(r)/ desk /desk/ dog /dpg/ door /do:(r)/ exercise book /'eksəsaiz buk/ girl /gs:1/ house /haus/ It's a / an ... /'its ə, ən/ label /'leibl/ man /mæn/ orange /'prind3/ pen /pen/ pencil /'pensl/ picture /'piktfə(r)/ umbrella /nm'brelə/ watch /wpts/ What's this? /, wots 'ors/ Why ... ? /wai/ window /'windau/ woman /'woman/

Instructions

'eksəsaiz buk /

Close your exercise book. /'klauz jar 'eksəsaiz ,buk/ Come here. /,kam 'hiə(r)/ Don't listen. /'daunt ,lisn/ Draw. /dro:/ Give me your book, please. /'gɪv ˌmi: ˌjɔ: 'buk pli:z/ Go to the board. /'gau ta ða ,bo:d/ Listen. /'lɪsn/ Look at the picture. /'luk at da .pikt [a(r)/ Open your exercise book. /'əupən jər

+ Pick up your pencil. /'pik Ap ja pensl/ Put down your pencil. /'put daun ja ,pensl/ Read. /ri:d/ Say 'Good morning'. /'sei ,gud 'mo:nin/ Sit down. /sit 'daun/ Stand up. /stænd 'Ap/ Write on the board. /'rait on do boid/ 1 C Numbers at /æt, ət/ Be careful! /,bi 'keəfl/ bone /boun/ come /knm/ collect /kə'lekt/ continue /kən'tınju:/ double /'dabl/ down /daun/ gate /geit/ give /gɪv/ heaven /'hevn/ hive /haɪv/ home /houm/ mine /main/ my /mai/ number /'nambə(r)/ old /auld/ on /pn/ phone number /'foun ,nambo(r)/ play /pleɪ/ roll /rəul/ shoe /fu:/ some /sam, sam/ stick /stik/ this /ðis/ tree /tri:/

What's your mobile number? /wots .jo: 'məubail ,nambə(r)/ What's your phone number? /wots .jo:

up /Ap/

foun nambo(r)/

What's your telephone number? /,wpts ,jo: 'telifaun ,namba(r)/ with /wið/

Numbers oh (zero) /əu ('zıərəu)/ one /wʌn/ two /tu:/ three /Ori:/ four /fo:(r)/ five /faiv/ six /siks/ seven /'sevn/ eight /eit/ nine /naɪn/ ten /ten/ eleven /i'levn/ twelve /twelv/ thirteen /θ3:'ti:n/ fourteen /fo:'ti:n/ fifteen /fif'ti:n/ sixteen /siks'ti:n/ seventeen /sevn'ti:n/ eighteen /eɪ'ti:n/ nineteen /nain'ti:n/ twenty /'twenti/ twenty-one /,twenti 'wʌn/ thirty /'03:ti/ forty /'fo:ti/ fifty /'fɪfti/ sixty /'siksti/

seventy /'sevnti/ eighty /'erti/ ninety /'naınti/ a / one hundred /ə, wan 'handrəd/

1 D How do you spell that?

talphabet /'ælfabet/ box /boks/ boxes /'bpksiz/ car /ka:(r)/ child /t farld/ children /'tʃɪldrən/ + column /'kplam/ glass /glass/ glasses /'gla:siz/ How do you spell ... ? /'hau də jə ˌspel + letter /'letə(r)/ + Let's ... /lets/ +me /mi:/ men /men/ +only /'aunli/ oranges /'prind3iz/ people /'pi:pl/ person /'paisn/ plural /'pluərəl/ singular /'sɪŋgjələ(r)/table /'teɪbl/ There's / There are ... /ðeəz, 'ðeər a:, ə/ toothbrush /'tu:θbras/ toothbrushes /'tu:θbrasiz/ watches /'wptfiz/ women /'wimin/

Culture

actually /'æktʃuəli/ a lot of /a 'lot av/ call /kɔ:l/ copy /'kppi/ country /'kʌntri/ dad /dæd/ English /'inglis/ everyone /'evriwan/ first name /'fa:st ,neim/ friend /frend/ from /from, from/ full name /'ful neim/ have /hæv/ initials /I'nIflz/ it isn't /,It 'Iznt/ middle name /'midl ,neim/ most /maust/ nickname /'nikneim/ often /'pfn, 'pftən/ only /'aunli/ parents /'pearants/ real name /'rıəl neım/ short for /'fo:t fo:(r), fo(r)/ short form /'fort form/ so /sau/ surname /'sa:neim/ teacher /'ti:t[ə(r)/ that's ... /ðæts/ This is ... /'dis ,iz/ too /tu:/ use (v) /ju:z/

English Across the Curriculum

blue /blu:/ dart /da:t/ divided by /di'vaidid ,bai/ equals /ˈiːkwəlz/

go from ... to ... and back /,gau fram '... ta '... ən ,bæk/ green /gri:n/ How far is it? /,hau 'fa:r ,ız ,ıt/ km /,keı 'em, 'kıləmi:təz, kı'lɒmıtəz/ Maths /mæθs/ minus /'mainəs/ plus /plas/ score /sko:(r)/ sum /sam/ symbol /'simbl/ times /taimz/ What's ... ? /wpts/ winner /'wɪnə(r)/ yellow /'jeləu/ **Your Project** about /ə'baut/ bed /bed/ best friend /,best 'frend/ bike /bark/ caption /'kæpsn/ computer /kəm'pju:tə(r)/ fall out /,fo:l 'aut/ favourite /'feɪvərɪt/ find /faind/ football team /'futbo:l,ti:m/ in /In/ life /larf/ little /'lɪtl/ make /meik/ none /nan/ no one /'nou ,wan/ poster /'pausta(r)/ present (v) /pri'zent/ project /'prod3ekt/ put /put/ roll over /,raul 'auva(r)/ say /sei/ skateboard /'skeitboid/ speech bubble /'spirtf ,babl/ There were ... /'ðeə wə(r)/ thing /θιη/ together /təˈgeðə(r)/ 2 Friends and family 2 A Where are you from? classroom /'kla:sru:m/ He isn't from ... /,hi: 'Iznt from/ I'm from ... /'aim from/

I'm not from ... /aim 'not from/ Internet friends /'intenet frendz/

She's from ... /'ʃi:z frəm/ +These are ... /'ði:z ə/

They're from ... /'dea fram/

We aren't from ... /,wi: 'a:nt from/

We're from ... /'wɪə frəm/ Who are ... ? /'hu: ə/

Where are they from? /'wear a ,der 'from/

Countries and cities

Australia /p'streilia/ Beijing /bei'3iŋ/ Brazil /brə'zıl/ Britain /'britn/ China /'t fainə/ France /frains/ Germany /'dʒ3:məni/ Greece /gri:s/ Italy /'Itali/ Japan /dʒə'pæn/ London /'landon/

Milan /mɪ'læn/

Moscow /'mpskəu/ New York /,nju: 'jɔːk/ Paris /'pæris/

Rio de Janeiro /,ri:əu də ʒə'nıərəu/

Russia /'rnʃə/ Sydney /'sɪdni/ Spain /speɪn/

the USA /ðə ˌjuː ˌes ˈeɪ/ Tokyo /ˈtəʊkiəʊ/

2 B My family

connect /kə'nekt/ family /'fæməli/ garden /'ga:dn/

mobile /'məubaıl/ photo /'fəutəu/

Where is a / are ...? /'wear ,iz a, ,a:(r),

Whose ... is this? /,hu:z '..., IZ, ðis/

Family

- aunt /g:nt/

-brother /'braðə(r)/

cousin /'kazn/

daughter /ˈdɔːtə(r)/ father /ˈfɑːðə(r)/

+ grandchildren / grænt sildren/ grandfather / granddad / grænfa:ðə(r), 'grændæd/ grandmother / grandma / grænmʌðə(r),

'grænma:/

grandparents / grænpearants/ mother (mum) /'mʌðə(r), mʌm/ sister /'sistə(r)/ son /san/ uncle /'Ankl/

Possessive adjectives

her /h3:(r)/ his /hiz/ its /its/ our /q:(r), 'auə(r)/ their /ðeə(r)/ your /jo:(r)/

2 C Mickey, Millie and Mut

alive /ə'laɪv/

+ Are they ... ? /ˌaː ˌðeɪ '.../ + Are you ... ? /ˌaː ˌjuː '.../

avenue /'ævənju:/ classmate /'kla:smeit/

dead /ded/

Excuse me. /ik'skju:z mi:/ film star /'film sta:(r)/

friendly /'frendli/

growl /graul/

+ Is this ... ? /,ız ,ðıs '.../ +Melbourne /'melbɔ:n/

+neighbour /'neibə(r)/

new /nju:/ no /nəu/ not /not/

over there /,əuvə 'ðeə(r)/

Pleased to meet you. /,pli:zd tə 'mi:t ,ju:/ policeman /pə'li:smən/

postman /'paustman/

road /raud/ singer /'sɪŋə(r)/

sportsperson /'spoitspaisn/

student /'stju:dnt/ ⊕Thank you. /'θæŋk ˌjuː/

very /'veri/ yes /jes/

2 D What day is it today?

at home /at 'haum/ at the shops /at da 'fpps/

birthday /'bɜːθdeɪ/ caller /'kɔːlə(r)/ chart /tʃɑːt/ days of the week /,deiz av ða 'wi:k/

DJ /'di: dzei/ for /fo:(r), fə(r)/

Happy birthday. /ˌhæpi ˈbɜːθdeɪ/ How old are you? /ˈhaʊ ˌəʊld ə ˌjuː/ How old is he? /'hau , auld , 12 , hi:/

OK / jou 'kei/

record (n) /'rekoid/ + show /[au/

song /spŋ/ text /tekst/

today /tə'deɪ/ + week /wi:k/

+What is ... ? /,wot ,ız '.../ +When is his birthday? /,wen ,ız ,hız 'b3:0de1/

+ Whose is ... ? /,hu:z ,iz '.../

Days of the week

Monday /'mʌndeɪ/ Tuesday /'tju:zdei/ Wednesday /'wenzdeɪ/ Thursday /'θ3:zdeɪ/ Friday /'fraidei/ Saturday /'sætədei/ Sunday /'sʌndei/

Culture

address /ə'dres/

album /'ælbəm/

+ bank /bænk/

+ big /big/

+British /'britis/ city /'sɪti/

crossing /'krosin/

detective /di'tektiv/

famous /'fermas/

house number /'haus nambə(r)/

just /d3Ast/

+ know /nau/

Liverpool /'livəpu:l/

outside /aut'said/

place /pleis/

postcode /'paustkaud/

+ Prime Minister /,praim 'ministə(r)/ + real /riəl, 'ri:əl/

+ recording studio /ri'ko:din ,st ju:diou/

+ room /ru:m/

street /stri:t/ town /taun/

+ webcam /'webkæm/

English Across the Curriculum

between /bi'twi:n/ cold /kəuld/ continent /'kontinent/ desert /'dezət/ Geography /dʒi'ɒgrəfi/ map /mæp/ mountain /mauntan/

mountain range /'mauntan ,reind3/

+ next to / nekst tə/ ocean /'auſn/

+ point /point/ river /'rɪvə(r)/ world /w3:ld/

Geographical places

Africa /'æfrikə/ Amazon River / æməzən 'rıvə(r)/ Antarctica /æn'ta:ktɪkə/ Asia /'e139/ Europe /'juarap/ Himalayas /hɪməˈleɪəz/ Nile River /ˌnaɪl ˈrɪvə(r)/ North America /,no:θ ə'merikə/ Oceania /əusi'a:niə/ Rocky Mountains / roki 'mauntanz/ Sahara Desert /sə,ho:rə 'dezət/ South America /,sauθ ə'merikə/

Oceans

Arctic Ocean /ˌaːktɪk ˈəʊʃn/ Atlantic Ocean /ət,læntik 'əuſn/ Indian Ocean / Indian 'ausn/ Pacific Ocean /pə,sıfık 'əuʃn/

Revision

black /blæk/ card /ka:d/ cue /kju:/ family tree / fæməli 'tri:/

Your Project

the bring back /,bring 'bæk/
the drawing /'dro:in/ interview /'ıntəvju:/

+ over /'auva(r)/

plan /plæn/ sea /si:/ title /'tartl/

3 My world

3 A I've got a computer

bedroom /'bedru:m/ good /gud/ have (got) /,hæv ('got)/ living room /'livin ,ru:m/ lucky /'lnki/

Possessions

camera /'kæmərə/ computer game /kəm'pju:tə ˌgeɪm/ DVD player /,di: ,vi: 'di: ,pleɪə(r)/
games console /'geɪmz ,kɒnsəul/ MP3 player /,em ,pi: 'θri: ,ple19(r)/ radio /'reidiau/ remote-controlled car /rɪ,məut kən,trəuld 'ka:(r)/ television /'telivi3n/

3 B Mut's present

+ act /ækt/ basket /'baskit/ ball /bo:l/ blanket /'blænkit/ cap /kæp/ cover /'knvə(r)/ cricket bat /'krikit ,bæt/ +describe /dr'skrarb/ † difference /'difrans/ jumper /'d3Amp θ (r)/mouth /mau θ / nice /nais/ now /nau/ present (n) /'preznt/ + Really? /ˈrɪəli, ˈriːəli/ school /skuːl/ +small /smo:l/ these /ði:z/

T-shirt /'ti: \\3:t/

Colours

brown /braun/ grey /grei/ red /red/ white /wait/

Other adjectives

bad /bæd/ long /lon/ short /so:t/ thick /01k/ thin /01n/

3 C Have you got a pet?

fanimal /'æniml/ + asleep /ə'sli:p/ + band /bænd/ beautiful /'bju:tɪfl/ beginning with ... /bɪˈgɪnɪŋ ˌwɪð/ + boring /'bo:rin/ pet /pet/ tail /teil/ +What kind of ... is it? /wpt kaind av '...

Pets

bird /b3:d/ budgie /'bʌdʒi/ fish /fis/ hamster /'hæmstə(r)/ horse /ho:s/ + mice /mars/ + mouse /maus/ parrot /'pærət/ rabbit /'ræbit/ rat /ræt/ snake /sneik/ spider /'spaidə(r)/

3 D My school +afternoon /a:ftə'nu:n/

+ assembly /ə'sembli/ +break /breik/ compare /kəm'peə(r)/ each /i:tʃ/ + good at /'gud ,æt, ət/ great /greit/ last /lasst/ lesson /'lesn/ +lunch /lants/ + next /nekst/ + registration /red31'stre1sn/ subject /'sabd31kt/ term /ts:m/ timetable /'taımteıbl/ +uniform /'ju:nifo:m/ + wear /wea(r)/ +year /jia(r)/

School subjects Art and Design /at an dr'zarn/ Biology /bar'pladai/ Chemistry /'kemistri/ Citizenship /'sɪtɪzənʃɪp/ Design and Technology /dɪ,zaɪn ən tek'npladai/ French /frents/ History /'hıstri/ ICT (Information and Communication Technology) /ai si: 'ti:, infə,meisn ən kəmju:nı,keisn tek'nolədzi/ Music /'mju:zik/ PE (Physical Education) /pi: 'i:, fizikl edzu'kersn/ Physics /'fızıks/

RE (Religious Education) /a:r 'i:, rɪ,lɪdzəs edzu'keifn/ Science /'saians/

Culture

about /ə'baut/ TEngland /'ingland/ from ... to ... /frəm tə '.../ half /ha:f/ morning /'mo:nɪŋ/ packed lunch /,pækt 'lʌntʃ/ primary school /'praɪməri ,sku:l/ pupil /'pju:pl/ sandwich /'sænwitʃ/ + school day /'sku:l ,dei/ school system /'sku:l ,sistəm/ secondary school /'sekəndri ,sku:l/ /m:c1, 0skie/ /mich, form/ sports match /'sports mæts/ Wales /weilz/

English Across the Curriculum

human /'hju:mən/ touch /tats/

Parts of an animal's body

arm /q:m/ beak /bi:k/ body /'bodi/ ear /19(r)/ eye /ai/ feathers /'feðəz/ foot /fut/ fur /f3:(r)/ hand /hænd/ head /hed/ leg /leg/ nose /nəuz/ teeth /ti:θ/ whiskers /'wiskəz/ wing /win/

Revision

adjective /'ædʒɪktɪv/ hair /heə(r)/ possessions /pə'zeſnz/

Your Project

chorus /'kɔːrəs/ + day /dei/ Games /geimz/

4 Time

4 A What's the time, please?

+ activity /æk'tıvəti/ + birthday party /'bɜːθdeɪ ˌpɑːti/ clock /klɒk/ concert /'kpnsət/ exam /ɪg'zæm/ game /germ/ half past /'haif ,paist/ hockey /'hoki/

match /mæts/
+ o'clock /ə'klok/ party /'parti/ past /parst/ piano /pi'ænəu/ punctuation /pʌŋktʃuˈeɪʃn/ quarter past /ˈkwɔːtə ˌpɑːst/ quarter to /'kwo:tə tə/ tennis /'tenis/ time /taɪm/

to /tu:, tə/ volleyball /'volibo:l/ What's the time? /wots ða 'taım/

4 B My day

after /'a:ftə(r)/ Farrive at school /ə,raıv ət 'sku:l/ at the weekend /at do wisk'end/

before /bi'fo:(r)/ breakfast /'brekfast/

brush your teeth /,bra∫,jo: 'ti:θ/

bus /bas/ coat /kəut/ dinner /'dinə(r)/

do your homework / du: jo: 'houmwa:k/ finish /'finis/

get up / get 'Ap/ go home /,gau 'haum/

go on the Internet /,gəu ,pn ði 'intənet/ go to bed /,gəu tə 'bed/

go to school /,gəu tə 'sku:l/ go to sleep / gou to 'sli:p/ go to work /,gəu tə 'wɜːk/ half an hour /'hɑːf ən ˌauə(r)/ have a shower /,hæv ə 'ʃauə(r)/

have breakfast / hæv 'brekfast/ have dinner /,hæv 'dınə(r)/ have lunch /,hæv 'lant f/

homework /'haumwaik/ in bed /, in 'bed/

Internet exchange /'intenet iks,tseind3/ kitchen /'kitʃin/

listen to music /ˌlɪsn tə 'mju:zɪk/ listen to the radio /ˌlɪsn tə ðə 'reɪdiəu/

magazine /mægə'zi:n/ or /o:(r)/

put on / put 'pn/ school bus /,sku:l 'bAs/ start /sta:t/

take the bus / teik do 'bas/ take the train /,teik ða 'trein/ talk about /'to:k a,baut/

TV /,ti: 'vi:/ typical /'tipikl/ walk /wo:k/

watch TV /wotf ti: 'vi:/

4 C Free time

badge /bæd3/ comic /'kpmik/

football card /'futbail ,kaid/ free time / fri: 'tarm/

go skiing / gəu 'ski:ɪŋ/ go swimming /,gəu 'swimiŋ/

happen /'hæpən/ like /lark/

paragraph /'pærəgra:f/ play a musical instrument / plei a mju:zikl 'instrəmənt/

play computer games /plei kəm'pjuitə germz/

play football /,plei 'futbo:l/ play ice hockey /,plei 'ais ,hoki/ play tennis / plei 'tenis/

play the guitar / plei ða gi'ta:(r)/ play the piano /,plei ðə pi'ænəu/ play the violin / plei ðə vaiə'lin/

Slovakia /sla'vækia/ sport /spo:t/

sports centre /'sports ,sentə(r)/ team /ti:m/

Thailand /'tailænd/ training /'treinin/

watch DVDs /wptf di: vi: 'di:z/

4 D Mickey, Millie and Mut

always /'ɔːlweɪz/ because /bi'kbz, bi'kəz/ catch /kætʃ/ every /'evri/ + in brackets /, in 'brækits/

park /pa:k/ play sports /,plei 'spoits/ table tennis /'teibl ,tenis/ +tennis ball /'tenis ,bo:l/

+ talk to /'to:k ,tu:, tə/ +visit /'vizit/

Why not? /,wai 'not/

Culture

† Canada /'kænədə/

do athletics /ˌduː æθ'letɪks/ each week /ˈiːtʃ ˌwiːk/

event /i'vent/

How often ... ? /'hau pfn, pftən/ normally /'nɔ:məli/ popular /'pɒpjələ(r)/

+ prize /praiz/ + race /reis/

sports day /'spo:ts ,dei/ summer /'sama(r)/ winter /'wintə(r)/

Sports

American football /ə,merikən 'futbo:l/ athletics /æθ'letiks/ baseball /'beisboil/ basketball /'baskitbasl/ cricket /'krikit/

golf /golf/ + high jump /'har ˌdʒʌmp/ + javelin /'dʒævlɪn/

long jump /'lon ,d3Amp/ netball /'netbo:l/ rugby /'ragbi/ snooker /'snu:kə(r)/

English Across the Curriculum

kind /kaind/ ↑lots of /'lotz əv/ →mime /maɪm/

Musical instruments

clarinet /klæri'net/ double bass /,dabl 'beis/ drums /dramz/

+ electric guitar /1,lektr1k g1'ta:(r)/ flute /flu:t/

harmonica /haːˈmɒnɪkə/

harp /ha:p/ + keyboards /ˈkiːbɔːdz/ percussion instrument /pəˈkʌʃn ,instramant/

saxophone /'sæksəfəun/ string instrument /'string instrəment/ tambourine /təmbəˈriːn/ trombone /trom'bəun/ trumpet /'trʌmpɪt/

wind instrument /'wind instrament/ xylophone /'zaɪləfəun/

Revision by car /,bai 'ka:(r)/ in the evening /ˌɪn ðiː ˈiːvnɪŋ/ turn /ts:n/

Your Project

+ add /æd/ +all week /,o:l 'wi:k/ tat all /ət 'ɔ:l/ tcheck /tʃek/

comment /'kpment/ cycling /'saiklin/ digital /'did3itl/

each other /itt / 'Aða(r)/ every week / evri 'wi:k/

face /feis/ guess /ges/ help /help/

hobby /'hobi/ | It's time for ... /,its ,taim fə(r) '.../ | stamp /stæmp/

take a photo /,terk a 'fautau/

4 until (till) /ən'tıl (tɪl)/

5 Places

5 A My room

bedside table /,bedsaid 'teibl/ + bookshelf /'bukfelf/ carpet /'ka:pit/

chest of drawers /tʃest əv 'drɔːz/ football boots /'futbɔːl ˌbuːts/ lamp /læmp/

mirror /'mirə(r)/ position /pəˈzɪʃn/ robot /ˈrəubɒt/

rug /rng/ +see /si:/

sports star /'sports star(r)/ wall /wo:l/

wardrobe /'wo:draub/

Prepositions

behind /bi'haind/ in front of /,In 'frant əv/
opposite /'ppəzɪt/ under /'Andə(r)/

5 B Our house

t eat /i:t/ flat /flæt/ here /hɪə(r)/ telephone /'telifəun/ to let /tə 'let/

Places

bathroom /'ba:θru:m/ cellar /'selə(r)/ dining room /'dainin ,ru:m/ downstairs /daun'steaz/ garage /'gæra:3, -ra:d3/ hall /ho:l/ stairs /steaz/ toilet /'toilat/ upstairs /ap'steaz/

Furniture

armchair /'a:mtfeə(r)/ bath /ba:θ/ cooker /'kukə(r)/ cupboard /'knbad/ curtain /'ks:tn/ fridge /frid3/ light /lait/ sink /sink/ sofa /'səufə/ washbasin /'wpfbersn/

5 C Our town

+ Are there ... ? /,a: ,ðeə(r) '.../

closed /klauzd/

+ mention / men s n/

town centre /,taun 'sentə(r)/

Places in a town

bank /bænk/

+ bus station /'bas ,steifn/ bus stop /'bas ,stop/ café /'kæfei/ church /t[3:t[/ cinema /'sɪnəmə/ hospital /'hɒspɪtl/ hotel /həu'tel/

museum /mju'zi:əm/ post office /'pəust ˌpfɪs/ shop /ʃɒp/

+ shopping centre /'fppin, sentə(r)/

f sports shop /'sports ,fpp/ square /skweə(r)/ station /'sterfn/

supermarket /'su:pəma:kit/ †sweet shop /'swi:t ,∫pp/ swimming pool /'swimin, pu:l/

+theatre /'θιətə(r)/

train station /'trein ,steifn/

5 D Mickey, Millie and Mut

+ any more / eni 'mo:(r)/

can (v) /kæn, kən/ carry /'kæri/

cross /krps/ day out /,deɪ 'aut/ dream /dri:m/

feet /fi:t/

fly /flai/ go back /,gəu 'bæk/ heavy /'hevi/ hurt /hɜːt/

tjoin /dzoin/ Look. /luk/

lost /lpst/ miss a turn /,mis ə 'ta:n/ tride a bike /,raid ə 'baik/

ride a horse /raid a 'hois/

+run /ran/ ski /ski:/

speak /spi:k/ +stop /stop/ swim /swim/

tired /'tarad/

train /trein/ We're lost. /wip 'lost/

wind (n) /wind/ wrong /roŋ/

Culture

+ also /'ɔ:lsəu/

† anything /'eniθιη/

+called /kɔ:ld/ +castle /'ko:sl/

coast /kaust/

+ every day /,evri 'dei/ + famous for /'feiməs ,fɔ:(r), fə(r)/ + good for /'gud ,fɔ:(r), fə(r)/ + ice rink /'ais ,riŋk/

+ ice skating /'ais skeitin/

idea /aı'dıə/

+ kilometre /'kıləmi:tə(r), kı'lomıtə(r)/

library /ˈlaɪbrəri/ live (v) /lɪv/

market /ma:kit/ modern /'mpdn/

police station /pəˈliːs ˌsteɪ∫n/

festaurant /'restront/
fsouth-east /,sauθ 'i:st/
think /θιηκ/
Town Hall /,taun 'hɔ:l/

visitor /'vɪzɪtə(r)/
water /'wɔːtə(r)/

English Across the Curriculum

+ any /'eni/

+attack /ə'tæk/ bridge /brɪdʒ/

Budapest /bu:də'pest/

+ buy /bai/

by boat /,bar 'bout/ +Cambridge /'keimbrid3/

cow /kau/

† crossroads /'krpsrəudz/

+ drink /drink/ + easy /'i:zi/

+ factory /ˈfæktri/ + farm /fɑːm/ + flood /flʌd/ + ford /fɔːd/

+ hill /hil/

Pimportant /im'po:tnt/

+ lake /leik/

+ need /ni:d/

+ Oxford //alaccom

Oxford /'pksfəd/ Prague /pra:g/

→problem /'problem/

+ reason /'ri:zn/ + safe /seif/ + sell /sel/

similar /'sɪmələ(r)/ travel /'trævl/ village /'vɪlɪdʒ/ wash /wɒʃ/

Revision

+ German /'dʒɜːmən/

+ left /left/

Your Project

bookshop /'bukfpp/

+ clothes shop /'klauðz ,fpp/ + doctor's /'dpktəz/ fire station /'faia steisn/ get /get/

in the middle of /,in ðə 'midl əv/ love /lav/

take a look /,teik a 'luk/ walk around /,wo:k a'raund/ welcome /'welkam/

6 People

6 A My friends

+ description /di'skripſn/ .

+ page /peɪdʒ/ + quite /kwaɪt/

strange /streind3/

Physical appearance

bald /bo:ld/ beard /brad/ † black hair /'blæk ,heə(r)/ † blue eyes /'blu: ,aɪz/

brown eyes /'braun ,aiz/ brown hair /'braun ,heə(r)/ dark hair /'dɑːk ,heə(r)/ fair hair /'feə ,heə(r)/

fat /fæt/

+ green eyes /'gri:n ,aiz/ + long hair /'lon ,heə(r)/

moustache /məˈstɑːʃ/ slim /slɪm/

+ short hair /'fort hea(r)/

+ tall /to:1/

6 B Saturday morning

balloon /bə'lu:n/

Can I help you? /,kæn, kən ,aɪ 'help ,ju:/
+cup of coffee /,kʌp əv 'kɒfi/

department store /di'pa:tmant ,sta:(r)/

get in /,get 'ın/ + Here they are. /'hɪə ˌðeɪ ˌɑː/ Here you are. /'hɪə ˌjuː ˌɑː/

How much is / are ... ? /'hau ,matf ,iz, a

+ ill /11/

+ in the car /,In ðə 'ka:(r)/

+ lie /laɪ/

Look out of the window. /,luk ,aut av ða 'windau/

+ newspaper /'nju:zpeipə(r)/

+ phone /faun/ sit /sit/

+ wait for /'weit ,fo:(r), fo(r)/

+ What are you doing? /wot a ju: 'du:ɪŋ/

6 C Are we going to the shops?

at the moment /ət ðə 'məumənt/

best /best/
t brush /bras/

† clothes /klauðz/

Come on. /,kam 'pn/ + cook /kuk/ first /f3:st/ go out / gəu 'aut/ have a bath /,hæv ə 'bɑ:θ/

t's raining. /,its 'reinin/ tlt's sunny. /,its 'sʌni/

jeans /dʒi:nz/ t on the bus /, on do 'bas/

usually /'ju:zuəli/ + Well done! / wel 'dan/

6 D Clothes

clever /'klevə(r)/

far away /far a'wei/

gold /gəuld/ hold /həuld/ king /kɪŋ/ laugh /lɑːf/

look at /'luk ,æt, ət/ magic /'mædʒɪk/

Majesty /'mædʒəsti/

tone day /'wʌn ˌdeɪ/ +palace /'pælɪs/ +royal /'rɔɪəl/

shout /saut/ sing /sin/ stupid /'stju:pid/ tailor /'teilə(r)/ true /tru:/

Clothes

boots /bu:ts/ dress /dres/

hat /hæt/ jacket /'daækit/

shirt /sa:t/

shorts /foits/ skirt /ska:t/

socks /spks/

tie /tai/ trainers /'treinaz/ trousers /'trauzəz/

Culture

African /'æfrikən/ (be) born /(,bi) 'bo:n/

Birmingham /'bs:mingəm/

Chinese /tʃaɪˈniːz/ difficult /ˈdɪfɪkəlt/ Edinburgh /'edinbrə/

English-speaking /'inglif spi:kin/
European /joərə'pi:ən/
Hungary /'hʌŋgəri/
Indian /'indian/

language /'længwid3/

Hearn /la:n/

/b:crd'e vil,/ beorde avil

· luckily /'lakili/

Manchester /'mæntsestə(r)/ national /'næʃnəl/

New Zealand /,nju: 'zi:land/ Nigeria /naɪˈdʒɪəriə/

Scotland /'skptland/ Singapore /sina'po:(r)/

South Africa / sauθ 'æfrikə/ -Spanish /'spænis/

Sri Lanka /sri: 'læŋkə/ Tamil /'tæmɪl/

Turkey /'ta:ki/ Turkish /'ta:kif/

young people /'jan pi:pl/

English Across the Curriculum

closely /'klausli/ dot /dot/

grass /grass/ hold /,hauld/ island /'aılənd/ paint /peint/

painter /'peintə(r)/ painting /'peintin/

River Seine /rivə 'sein/ row (v) /rau/

stand /stænd/

Revision

late /lett/

Your Project

all the time /,o:l ðə 'taım/ as a rule /,əz ə 'ru:l/ banana /ba,ng:na/ corridor /'kprido:(r)/

email /'i:meil/

feel /fi:1/ fine /fain/

keep /ki:p/ look like /'luk ,lark/

post /paust/ pyjamas /pə'dʒa:məz/ share /sea(r)/

sometimes /'samtaimz/ upload /np'laud/

website /'websait/

Vocabulary and Reading

Unit 4

a bit of /a 'bit av/ bring /brin/ cart /ka:t/ dangerous /'deindzərəs/ dark /da:k/ food /fu:d/ go for a walk / gəu fər ə 'wɔ:k/ happy /'hæpi/ hard /ha:d/ hide /haid/ jump on /'danmp pn/ loud /laud/ noise /'noiz/ noisy /'noizi/ quiet /'kwarət/ soft /soft/ story /'stərri/ suddenly /'sʌdnli/ the next day /ða 'nekst ,dei/ Well, ... /wel/ wet /wet/

Unit 5

a long time ago /ə ˌlɒŋ ˌtaɪm əˈgəu/ arrive /əˈraɪv/ baby /'berbi/ bang on /'bæŋ ˌon/ bite /bart/ bread /bred/ bread roll /,bred 'roul/ cradle /'kreidl/ cry /krai/ daddy /'dædi/ far /fɑ:(r)/ fire /'faɪə(r)/ follow /'folau/ glant /'dʒaɪant/ here comes ... /'hiə kamz/ hungry /'hʌngri/ husband /'hʌzbənd/ reland /'aɪələnd/ land /lænd/ meet /mi:t/ Oh dear. /'əu ˌdɪə(r)/ open /'aupan/ other /'ʌðə(r)/ Ow! /au/ pick up /pik 'Ap/ quick /kwik/ rock /rok/ side /said/ smell /smel/ soon /su:n/ stone /staun/ strong /stron/ throw /θrəυ/ What's wrong? /wots 'ron/ wife /waif/ wood /wud/

Unit 6

again /əˈgen/ branch /brɑːntʃ/ cheese /t si:z/ climb /klaim/ crow /krau/ fall /fo:l/ fox /fpks/ look up /ˌlok 'ʌp/ lovely /ˈlʌvli/ piece /pi:s/ please /pli:z/ shine /fain/ smile /smail/

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Workbook audio CD tracklisting

Section	Track		
Title	1.1	4A Ex 1	1.17
1A Ex 4	1.2	4B Ex 4	1.18
1B Ex 5	1.3	4C Ex 5a	1.19
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3A Ex 3	1.12	6B Ex 4	1.28
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3D Ex 2	1.15	Progress check Ex 4a	1.31
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